(ख) यदि हां, तो गत एक वर्ष के दौरान घटिया शिशु आहार बेचे जाने संबंधी कितने मामलों का पता चला है; और

(ग) दोषी पाए गए कंपनियों के विरुद्ध क्या कार्रवाई की गई है?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती रेणुका चौधरी): (क) और (ख) वर्ष 1994 की वार्षिक रिपोर्ट के अनुसार देश में शिशु आहार के कुल 136 नमूने एकत्र किए गए। इनमें से एक नमूना अपमिश्रित पाया गया। तथापि अरूणाचल प्रदेश, असम, गोवा, महाराष्ट्र, त्रिपुरा और दमन और दीव से प्राप्त सूचना के अनुसार वर्ष 1995-96 के दौरान कुल 59 नमूने एकत्र किए गए और सभी नमूने विनिर्देशों के अनुरूप पाए गए।

(ग) दोषी व्यक्तियों के विरुद्ध सम्बन्धित राज्य सरकार द्वारा खाद्य अपमिश्रिण निवारण अधिनियम 1955 और उसके अन्तर्गत बने नियमों के अन्तर्गत कार्रवाई की जाती है।

Gujarat Towns with High Endemicity of Malaria

1736. SHRI AHMED PATEL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have identified some towns in Gujarat which have high endemicity of malaria;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) what specific measures have been initiated in those towns to fight the malaria manace?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The towns of Ahmedabad, Bharuch, Dohad, Godhra and Vadodora, where malaria situation is serious and the slide positivity rate is more than 10% have been identified as high risk urban areas in Gujarat.

(c) The specific measures to contain malaria in these towns are:—

1. Early case detection and prompt treatment with appropriate antimalarial drugs, through hospitals/dispensaries/ malaria clinics etc.

2. Antilarval measures through re-current weekly larviciding with chemicals and bio-environmental measures are undertaken.

3. Intansification of Information, Education and Communication activities for mobilising active community participation.

4. Observance of Anti-Malaria Month in June every year beginning from June, 1997 to create public awareness about prevention and containment of malaria and other vector borns diseases and to propagate the theme "Malaria Control Everyone's Concorn" to make it a people's movement in the country.

5. For additional inputs to intensify antimalaria activities, these towns have also been included under Enhanced Malaria Control Project for World Bank support, which has been negotiated successfully.

Thalassaemia Disease in Gujarat

1737. SHRI AHMED PATEL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that recent studies have shown that children born of Gujarat couples are more prone to thalassaemia disease;

(b) if so, the details thereof and the reasons attributed therefor;

(c) whether Government have conducted any survey to find out the number of thalassaemia patients in Gujarat;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) the remedial and other measureas being taken by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI RENUKA CHOWDHURY): (a) and (b) As per information received from ICMR, studies